the process of identifying bias in materials...

- Are certain words and illustrations systematically associated with specific groups of people?
- Are groups of people frequently limited to certain jobs and activities?
- □ How do authors and illustrators account for people's situations in life, and social problems in general?
- What value judgements regarding personal worth are conveyed?
- Is there implicit bias through the omission of groups of people who might have been included, given the setting?
- Does the author deny the right to human dignity and the development of potential on grounds of race, culture, sex, ability, age or social class etc.?

5 W's for Evaluating Web Sites

Who

Who wrote the pages and are they an expert? Is a biography of the author included? How can you find out more about the author?

What

What does the author say is the purpose of the site? What else might the author have in mind for the site? What makes the site easy to use?

When

When was the site created? When was the site last updated?

Where

Where does the information come from? Where can I look to find out more about the producer/sponsor?

Why

Why is this information useful for my purpose? Why should I use this information? Why is this page better than another?

Dictionary.com

Bias: A preference or an inclination, especially one that inhibits impartial judgment. An unfair act or policy stemming from prejudice. To influence in a particular, typically unfair direction; prejudice. Inclined to one side. In a slanting manner.

Subjective: Proceeding from or taking place in a person's mind rather than the external world: a subjective decision. Particular to a given person; personal: subjective experience.

Objective: Uninfluenced by emotions or personal prejudices: an objective critic. See Synonyms at 1.

Based on observable phenomena; presented factually: an objective appraisal.

Opinion: A belief or conclusion held with confidence but not substantiated by positive knowledge or proof: "The world is not run by thought, nor by imagination, but by opinion" (Elizabeth Drew).

Fact: Knowledge or information based on real occurrences: an account based on fact; a blur of fact and fancy. Something demonstrated to exist or known to have existed: Genetic engineering is now a fact. That Chaucer was a real person is an undisputed fact. A real occurrence; an event: had to prove the facts of the case. Something believed to be true or real: a document laced with mistaken facts.